



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF
ENERGY

Office of
Fossil Energy

Update on CCUS in the United States

Maryland Energy Administration CCUS Workshop

November 19, 2019

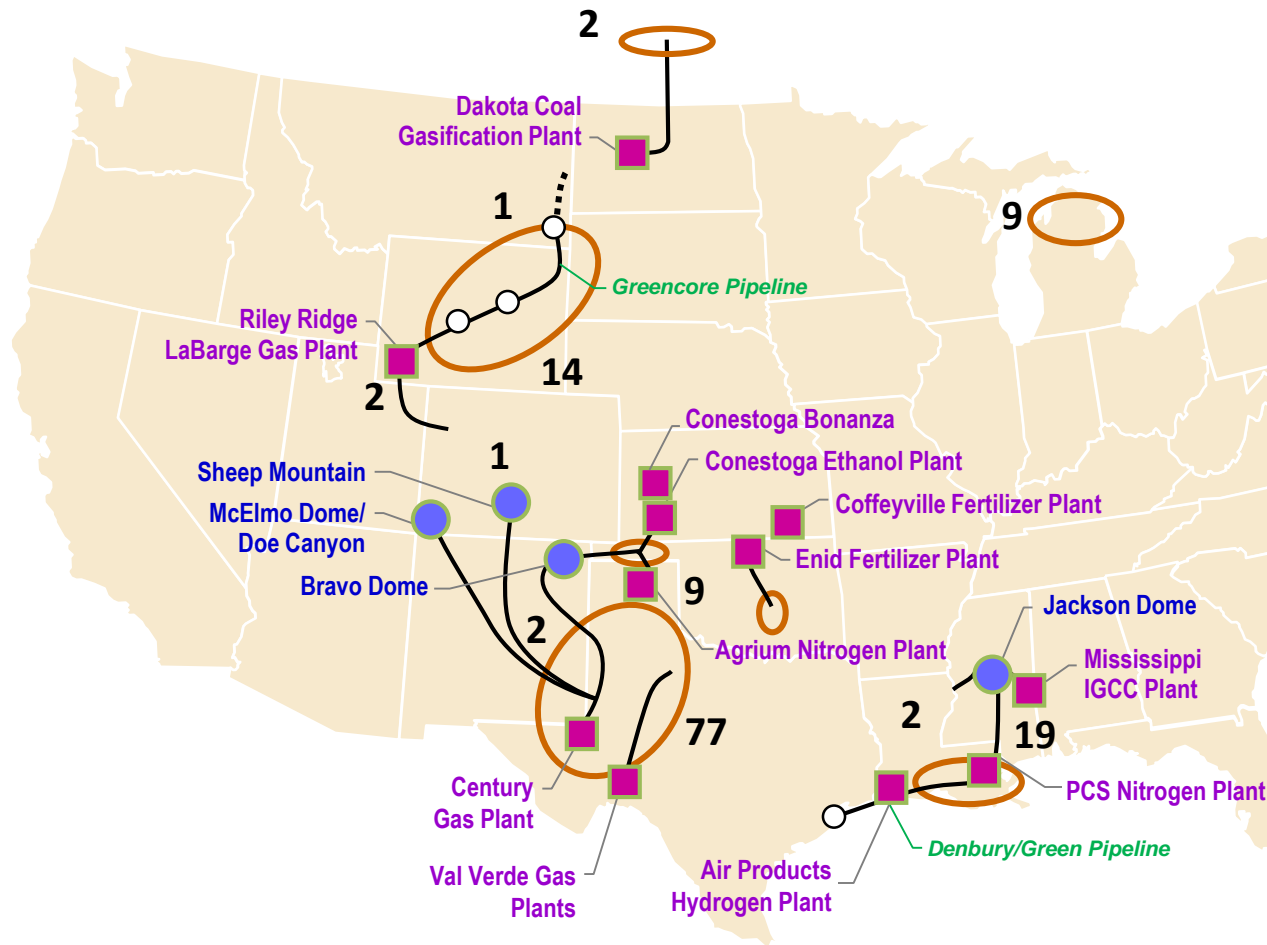
Mark Ackiewicz

Director, Division of CCUS R&D

The US: A global leader on CCUS research, development, and deployment

- 40+ year history of CO₂ utilization for enhanced oil recovery (EOR)
- Over 600 million tons of associated storage with EOR
- Over 4,000 miles of CO₂ pipelines in the United States
- Strong efforts in developing the human capital and enablers for CCUS deployment (scientists, engineers, trades)
 - Broad R&D program engaging Private Industry, Universities, National Laboratories, small business, and the financial community.
- Has successfully invested in major CCUS demonstrations
- Leading one of the most globally recognized and successful RD&D programs on CCUS....
- ...And leveraging this technology, science, and knowledge with other agencies for sound policy development.

Current CO₂-EOR Operations and CO₂ Sources (2014)



Oil Production (2014)	
CO ₂ -EOR Projects	136
Oil Production (MBbl/d)	300
CO ₂ Supplies (2014)	
Number of Sources	17
• <i>Natural</i>	5
• <i>Industrial</i>	12
CO ₂ Supply (Bcf/d)	3.5
• <i>Natural</i>	2.8
• <i>Industrial</i>	0.7

136	No. of U.S. CO ₂ -EOR Projects
	Natural CO ₂ Source
	Industrial CO ₂ Source
	CO ₂ Pipeline
	CO ₂ Proposed Pipeline

Source: Advanced Resources International, Inc., based on Oil and Gas Journal, 2014 and other sources.

CCUS – Flexible Technology for Multiple Applications

CO₂ Source Concentration/Characteristics

Coal Power Plant

11-14% CO₂
~2 psia CO₂



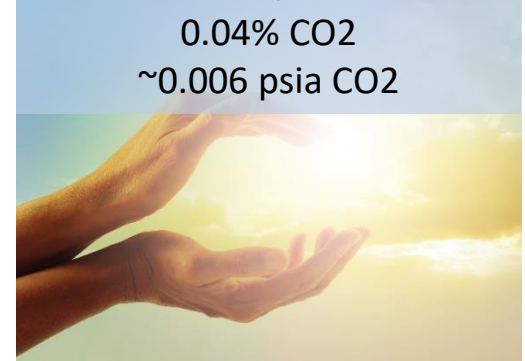
Gas Power Plant

4-6% CO₂
~0.7 psia CO₂



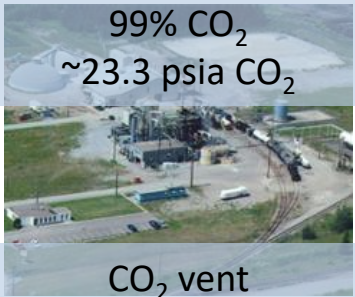
Air Capture

0.04% CO₂
~0.006 psia CO₂



NG Processing Plant

99% CO₂
~23.3 psia CO₂



CO₂ vent

Ammonia Plant

99% CO₂
~22.8 psia CO₂



Stripping vent

Ethanol Plant

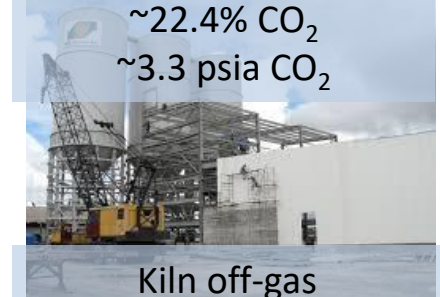
100% CO₂
~18.4 psia CO₂



Distillation gas

Cement Plant

~22.4% CO₂
~3.3 psia CO₂



Kiln off-gas

Cost of Capturing CO₂ from Industrial Sources, January 10, 2014, DOE/NETL-2013/1602

High-level R&D Program Goals and Challenges

Reduce the cost of capture by 50%

- Capital cost
- Energy penalty
- Integration or process intensification

Develop viable carbon utilization alternatives Reduce capital cost

- Reduce energy requirements
- Lifecycle assessment better than existing products

Improve monitoring and simulation of the subsurface

- Higher resolution and quantification (e.g., accurate characterization of faults and fractures)
- Pressure and state of stress
- Costs/uncertainty/enabling real-time decision making

2012:\$80/tonne

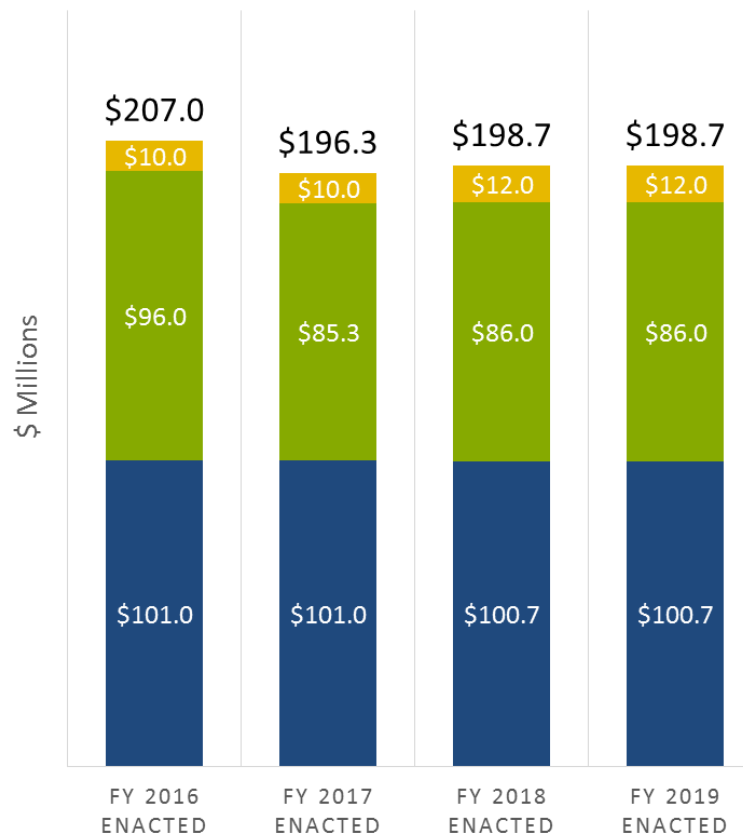
2016: \$60

2020: \$40

2030: \$30

Source: NETL, Cost and Performance Baseline for Fossil Energy Plants, Revision 3, July 2015

■ Carbon Capture ■ Carbon Storage ■ Carbon Utilization



Major CCUS demonstration projects

Air Products Facility (Port Arthur, TX) – operations began in 2013



- Built and operated by Air Products and Chemicals Inc. at Valero Oil Refinery
- State-of-the-art system to capture CO₂ from two large **steam methane reformers**
- **Over 5.0 million metric tons of CO₂** captured and transported via pipeline to oil fields in eastern Texas for **enhanced oil recovery (EOR)** since March 2013

Petra Nova CCS (Thompsons, TX) – operations began in 2017



- Joint venture by NRG Energy, Inc. (USA) and JX Nippon Oil and Gas Exploration (Japan)
- Demonstrating Mitsubishi Heavy Industries' solvent technology to **capture 90% of CO₂ from 240-MW flue gas stream** (designed to capture/store 1.4 million metric tons of CO₂ per year)
- **Nearly 3.3 million metric tons of CO₂** used for **EOR** in West Ranch Oil Field in Jackson County, Texas since January 2017

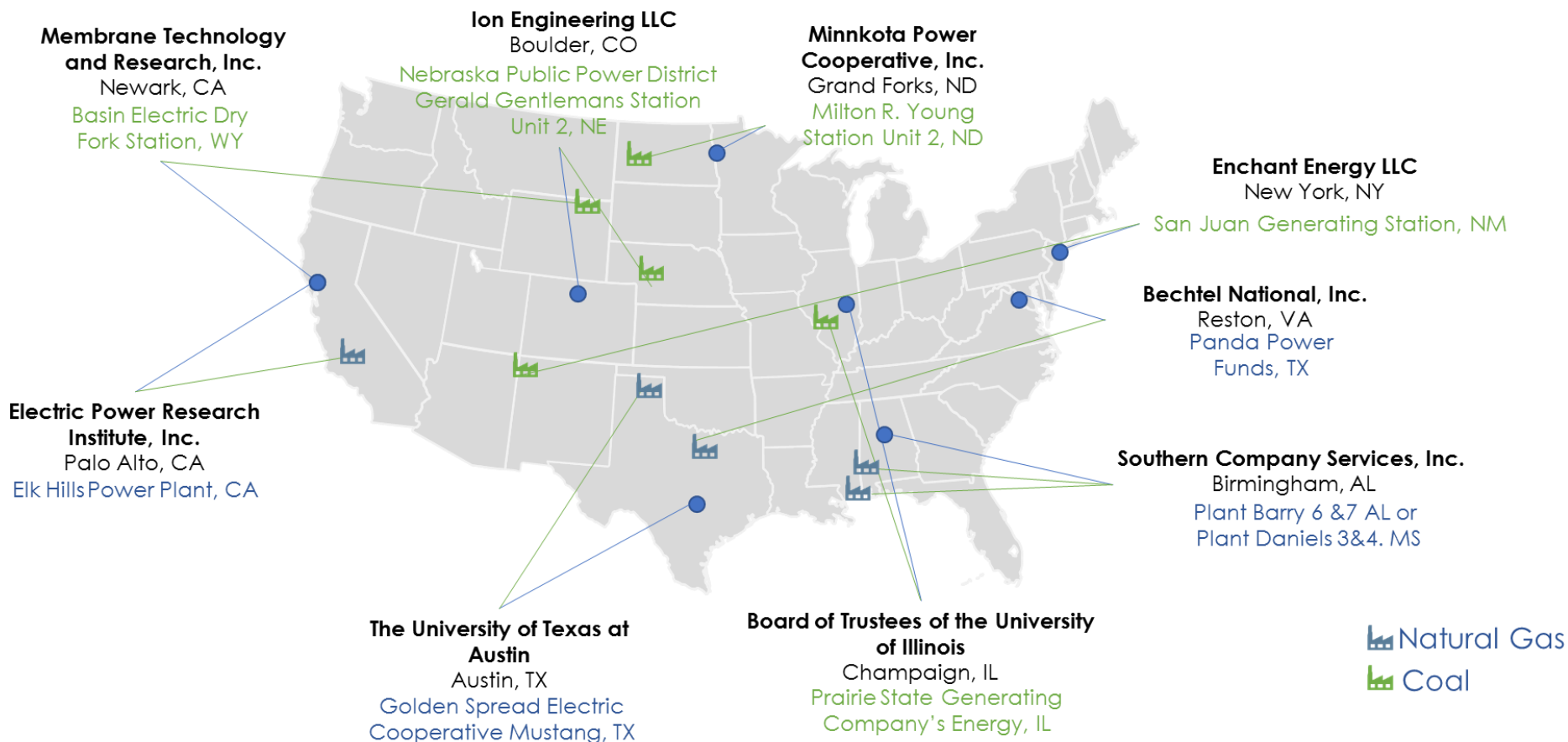
ADM Ethanol Facility (Decatur, IL) – operations began in 2017



- Built and operated by Archer Daniels Midland (ADM) at its existing biofuel plant
- CO₂ from **ethanol biofuels production** captured and stored in **deep saline reservoir**
- **First-ever CCS project** to use new U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Underground Injection **Class VI well permit**, specifically for CO₂ storage
- **1.3 million metric tons of CO₂** stored, since April 2017

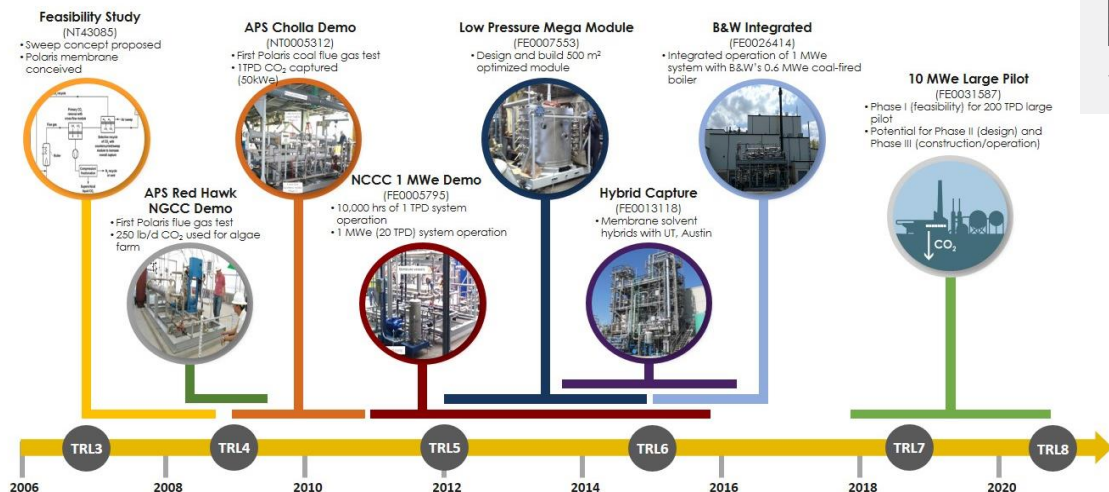
Commercial Carbon Capture FEED Study Projects \$55M

DOE - 2019



Carbon Capture: Post-Combustion, Pre-Combustion, and Direct Air Capture - Focus on Cost Reduction, Energy Penalty, and Integration

Requires improvements in multiple areas



Summary of Carbon Capture R&D Program Advancement of 2nd Generation Technologies

Cost Reduction
\$100+/tonne



\$41/tonne

Energy Penalty Reduction
30+%



14-15%

Program Activity
180+ Projects



15 Technologies Tested at Pilot Scale

Pilot-scale Testing

TECHNOLOGY HIGHLIGHTS	Innovation Pathways	PRINCIPAL DEVELOPER
POST-COMBUSTION		
Imbedded Amine Sorbent*	Materials	ADA-ES
Low-water Amine Solvent	Processes	Fluor/MHI
Hybrid Solvent/Membrane	Equipment	Gas Technology Institute
Amino-silicone Solvent*	Materials	General Electric Company
Amine/Imidazole Solvent Mixture* (Large Pilot)	Processes	ION Engineering
Advanced Amine Solvent Process*	Equipment	Linde/BASF
Advanced Membrane Process*	Materials	MTR
Nozzle-based Solvent Contactor*	Processes	Neumann Systems Group
Mixed Salt Solvent Process*	Equipment	SRI International
Carbon-based Sorbent*	Materials	SRI International
Alkalized Alumina Sorbent*	Processes	TDA Research
Optimized Amine Solvent Process	Equipment	University of Kentucky
Piperazine Solvent/Flash Stripper	Materials	URS/University of Texas
PRE-COMBUSTION		
Ammonium Carbonate/Bicarbonate Solvent*	Materials	SRI International
Integrated Sorbent Process	Processes	TDA Research

* Project Completed

Case Study of Technology Development Progression Through the Carbon Capture R&D Program – Membrane Technology Research, Inc.

Post Combustion Capture

National Carbon Capture Center - Benefits to Program

- Operated by Southern Co Services
- Hosted at Plant Gaston, AL
- DOE funds 80% of operations
- Over 100,000 test hours (*10+ years*)
- Technologies from U.S. and six other countries since 2008 founding of NCCC
- More than 50 carbon capture technologies tested
 - 30+ Post combustion
 - 20+ Pre-combustion
- Dedicated staff of plant engineers
- Standard design guidelines
- Slipstream (0.05 MWe) and Pilot (0.5 MWe) Solvent Test Units

Lab-Scale Unit



Bench-Scale Unit



Small Pilot-Scale Unit

Engineering Scale Testing of Advanced Carbon Capture Technologies

Scaling of Carbon Capture Technologies to Engineering Scales Using Existing Host Site Infrastructure

Performer	Project Title	Technology
Research Triangle Institute	Engineering Scale Testing of Transformational Non-Aqueous Solvent-Based CO ₂ Capture Process at Technology Centre Mongstad (13MWe)	Non Aqueous Solvent
SRI International	Engineering Scale Demonstration of Mixed-Salt Process for CO ₂ Capture (15MWe)	Physical Solvent
Membrane Technology and Research, Inc.	Scale-Up and Testing of Advanced Polaris Membrane CO ₂ Capture Technology (1MWe+)	Membrane – Partial Capture
TDA Research, Inc.	Membrane-Sorbent Hybrid System for Post-combustion Carbon Capture (2MWe+)	Membrane / Sorbent – 90% capture
Fluor	Multi-component solvent test (13MWe)	Water lean solvent

- Existing solvent units for drop-in testing
- Supports 4000+ hours each project
- Solvents go through rigorous degradation tests to support environmental permitting at SINTEF
- Full analytical and operations staff support



Source: Technology Centre Mongstad

Carbon Storage Program

Improving and Optimizing Performance

Regional Carbon Sequestration Partnerships (RCSPs)



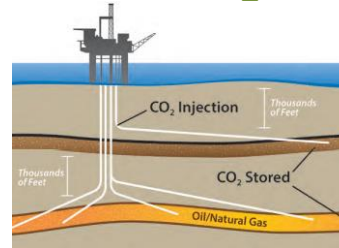
Advancing monitoring and measurement tools: improving characterization and reducing the uncertainty about the CO₂ and pressure fronts.



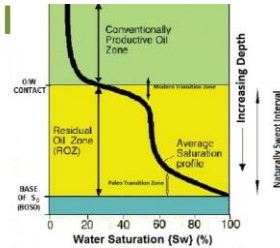
CarbonSAFE



Offshore Storage



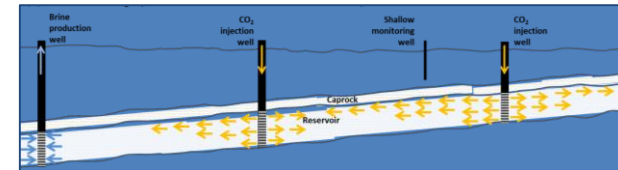
Unconventional EOR



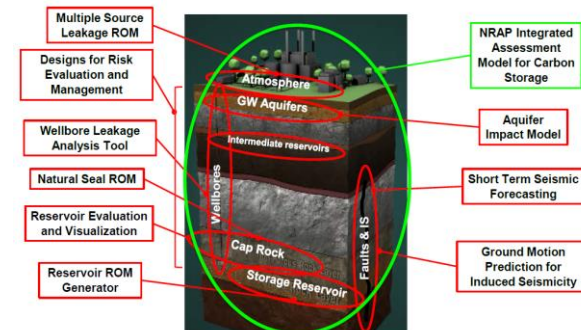
CARBON STORAGE PROGRAM



Brine Extraction Storage Tests (BEST)



National Risk Assessment Partnership (NRAP) is developing toolsets to reduce uncertainty and quantify potential impacts related to release of CO₂ and induced seismicity

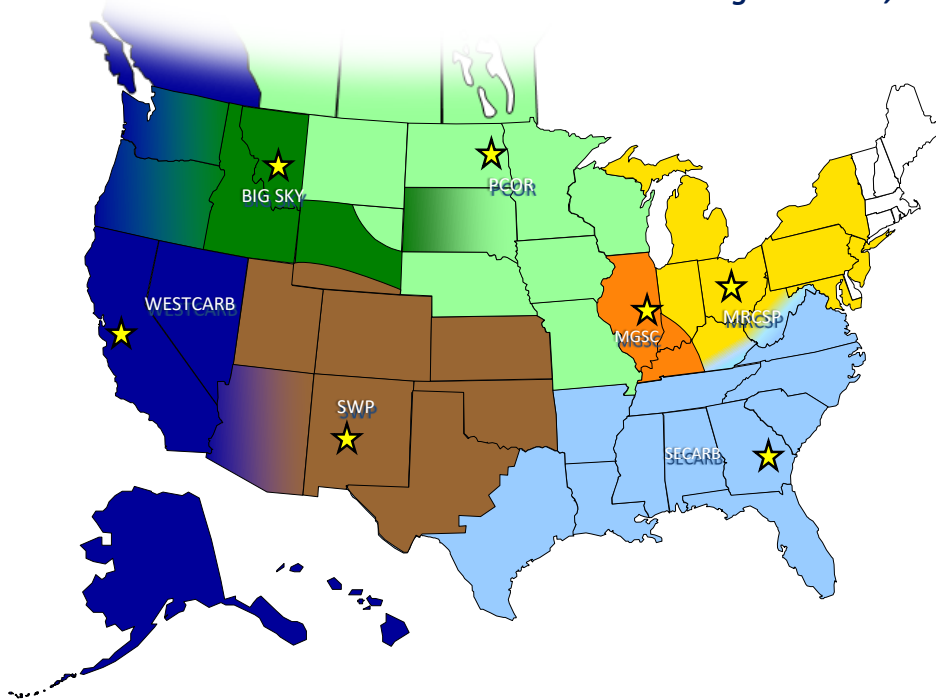


Regional Carbon Sequestration Partnerships

Developing the Infrastructure for Wide Scale Deployment

Seven Regional Partnerships

400+ distinct organizations, 43 states, 4 Canadian Provinces



- Engage regional, state, and local governments
- Determine regional sequestration benefits
- Baseline region for sources and sinks
- Establish monitoring and verification protocols
- Validate sequestration technology and infrastructure



Characterization Phase (2003-2005)

Search of potential storage locations and CO₂ sources

Found potential for 100s of years of storage



Validation Phase (2005-2011)

20 injection tests in saline formations, depleted oil, unmineable coal seams, and basalt



Development Phase (2008-2018+)

6 large scale injections (over 10 million tons injected)





Commercial scale understanding and validation

New Regional Initiative CCUS Selections

Regional Initiative to Accelerate CCUS Deployment (DE-FOA-0002000)



Projects will address key CCUS technical challenges; facilitate data collection, sharing, and analysis; evaluate regional infrastructure; and promote regional technology transfer.

- \$20 million in Federal funding awarded
- Four projects selected

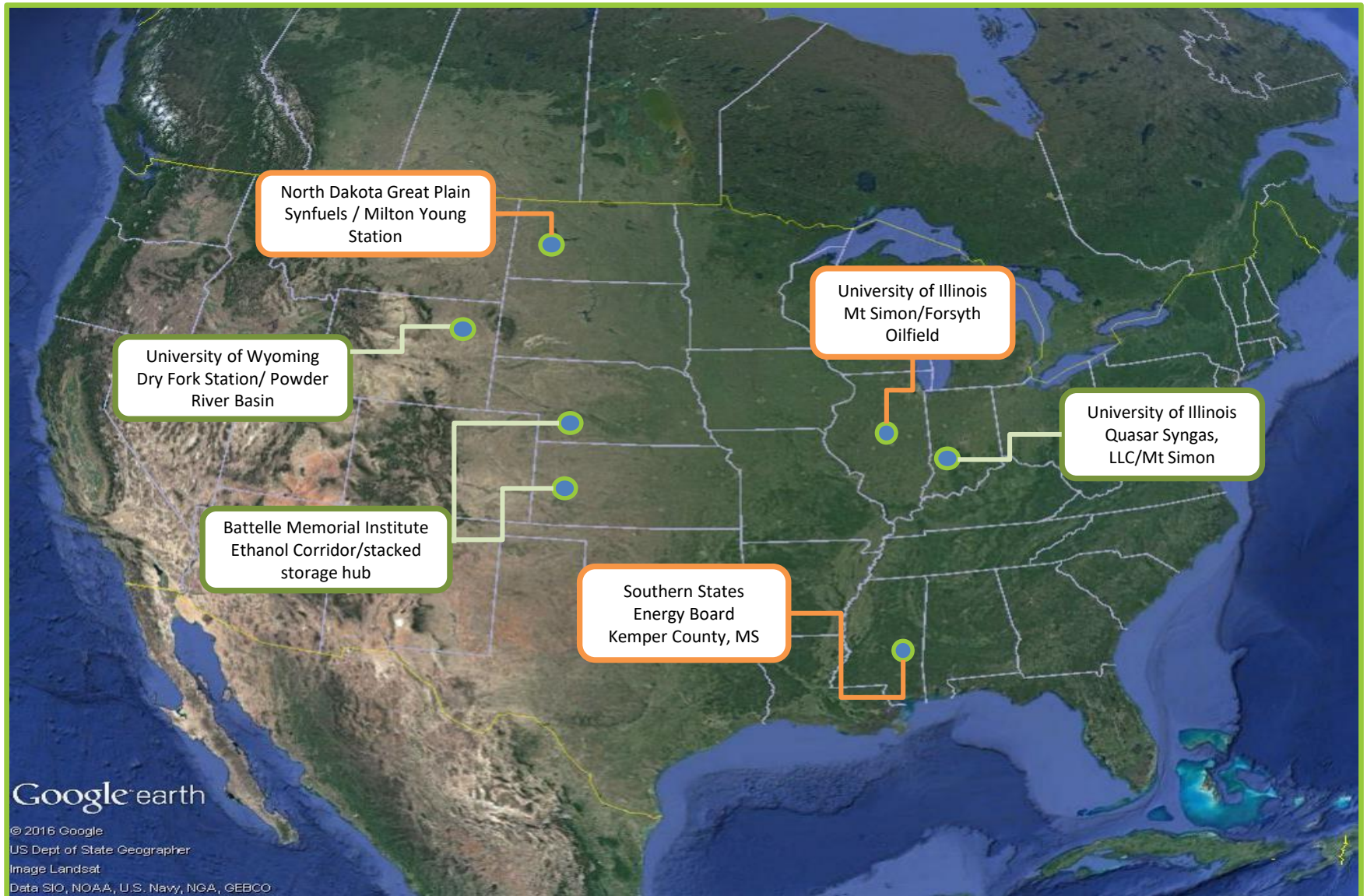
Awardee	Project
Battelle Memorial Institute 	Regional Initiative to Accelerate CCUS Deployment in the Midwest and Northeastern USA
New Mexico Institute of Mining and Technology 	Carbon Utilization and Storage Partnership of the Western United States
Southern States Energy Board 	Southeast Regional Carbon Utilization & Storage Partnership (SECARB-USA)
University of North Dakota 	Plains Carbon Dioxide Reduction (PCOR) Partnership Initiative to Accelerate CCUS Deployment



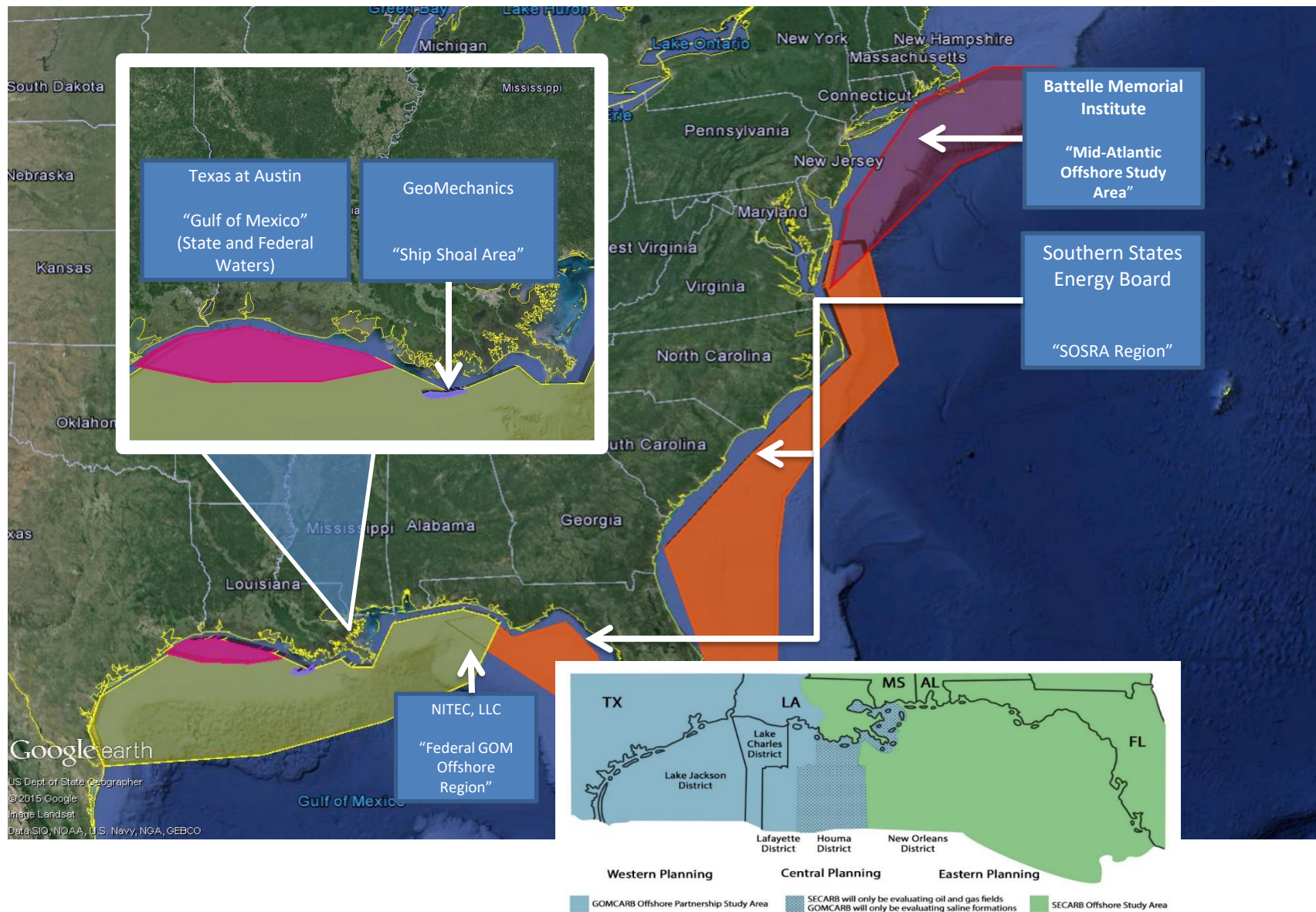
Carbon Storage Assurance Facility Enterprise (CarbonSAFE)

- Goal: Identify and certify geologic storage sites at commercial volumes (50+ million metric tons of CO₂)
- Phase I: Integrated CCS Pre-Feasibility (12-18 months) 
 - Formation of a team
 - Development of a plan encompassing technical requirements, economic feasibility and public acceptance, and
 - High-level technical evaluations of the sub-basin and potential CO₂ source(s)
- Phase II: Storage Complex Feasibility (2 years) 
 - Includes and extends the pre-feasibility work, focusing on one or multiple specific reservoirs within the defined storage complex
 - Data collection; geologic analysis; identification of contractual and regulatory requirements and development of plans to satisfy them; subsurface modeling to support geologic characterization, risk assessment, and monitoring; and public outreach
- Phase III: Site Characterization (Funding Opportunity Announcement (FOA) Released September 2019)

CarbonSAFE Phase II



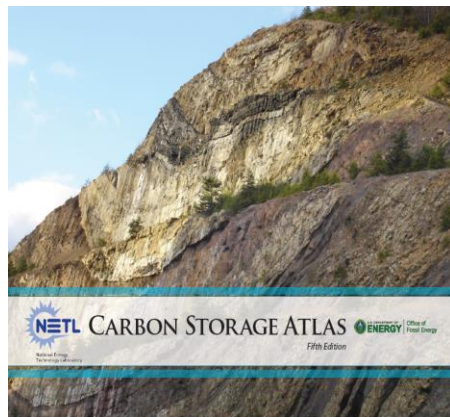
Offshore Resource Assessment Projects



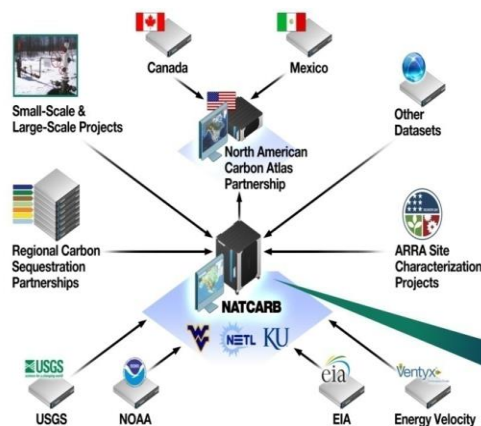
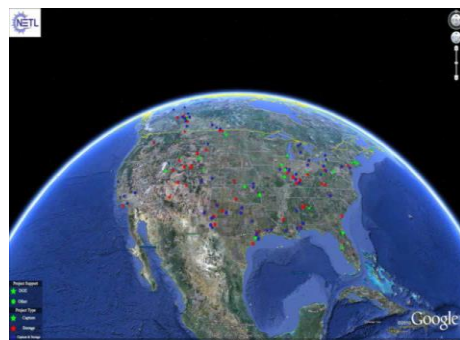
Brine Extraction Storage Test (BEST) Project Locations



KNOWLEDGE SHARING PRODUCTS



Worldwide CCS Project Database



Policy Incentives for CCUS - 45Q tax credits

“Technology push” through R&D is matched with “market pull” through financial incentives

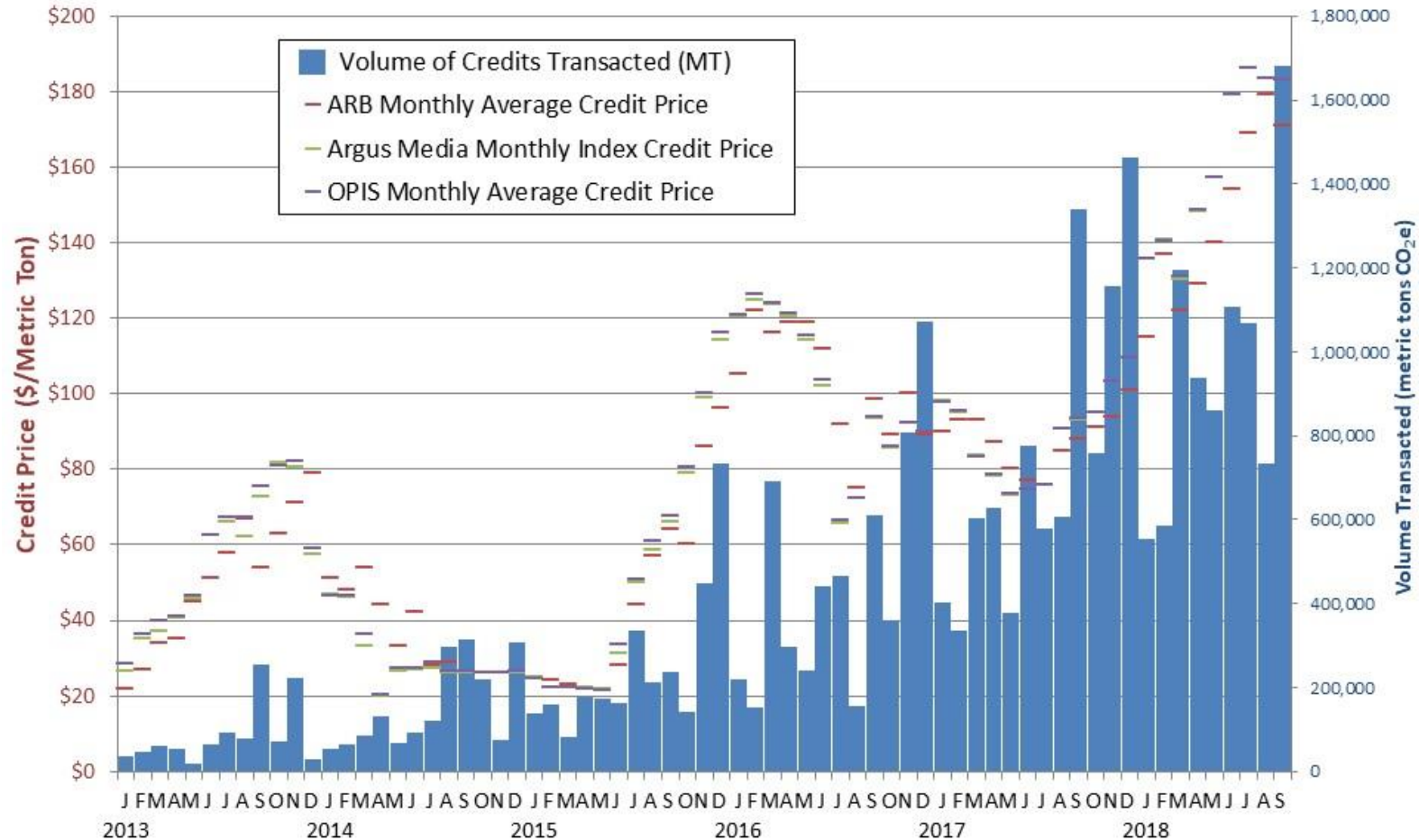
	Threshold by Facility Type (ktCO ₂ /y)			Credit in 2026 (\$/t)
	Power Plant	Industrial Facility	Direct Air Capture	
Dedicated Storage	500	100	100	50
EOR	500	100	100	35
Utilization	25	25	25	35

Source: McCoy, 2018

- Credit available to qualified facilities for 12 year period
- Defines qualified Carbon Oxides (CO or CO₂)
- Measured at point of capture and verified at the point of disposal/injection/use
- Qualified facilities:
 - 1) Construction must begin by Jan 1, 2024;
 - 2) Original planning and design includes carbon capture equipment
- Credit can be claimed by owner of capture equipment or transferred to disposal/use entity

California's Low Carbon Fuel Standard

Monthly LCFS Credit Price and Transaction Volume



Last Updated 10/10/2018

This chart tracks credit prices and transaction volumes over time. Monthly average credit prices reported by Argus Media and OPIS [used with permission] are shown along with ARB monthly average price.

Source, California ARB (2018)

Loan Programs

- DOE Loan Guarantee Program

\$8.5 billion in authority for fossil energy of a total of \$40 billion

Focus on bridging gap for innovative technologies to commercial market

- USDA Rural Utility Service Loan Programs

Electric Infrastructure Loan Program

- 104 loans were obligated for a total of \$4,996,130,472
- Approximately 7.6 million rural residents will receive new/improved electric facilities
- Dollars Leveraged, \$1.77 billion

313A Loan Guarantee Program

- 2 loans were obligated for a total of \$750,000,000

Rural Energy Savings Program (RESP)

- 6 loans were obligated for a total of \$34,200,000
- Serving 94,228 rural residents

High Energy Cost Grant (HECG) Program

- 6 grants were obligated for a total of \$11,668,431; \$3.9 million non-federal match: \$3.5million Denali and \$400 thousand other)

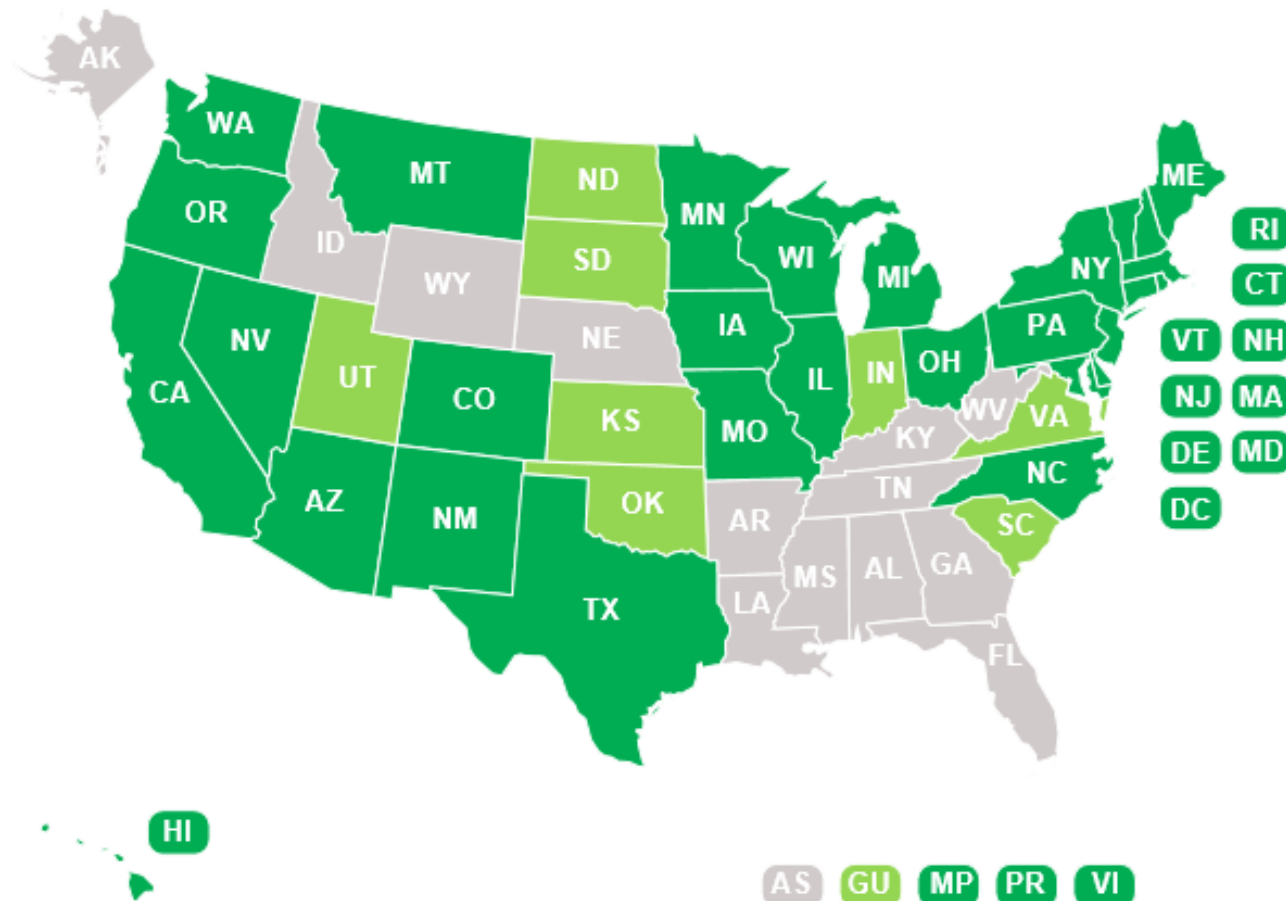
State renewable portfolio or clean energy standards can include carbon capture

Source: <http://www.ncsl.org/research/energy/renewable-portfolio-standards.aspx>

States and territories with Renewable or Clean Energy Portfolio Standards

States and territories with a voluntary renewable energy standard or target

States and territories with no standard or target



U.S. role in multilateral CCUS partnerships

☐ International Energy Agency (IEA)

- Working Party on Fossil Fuels (Chair)
- Greenhouse Gas R&D Programme (GHG) *ExCo member*
- Clean Coal Centre (CCC) *ExCo Chair*
- CCS Unit – CCS Roadmap and International CCS Regulatory Network



☐ Carbon Sequestration Leadership Forum (CSLF)

- *Secretariat and Policy Group Chair*



☐ Clean Energy Ministerial (CEM) - CCUS Initiative

- *CCUS Initiative Lead*



☐ Accelerating CCUS Technologies (ACT) Initiative

☐ Mission Innovation CCUS Initiative



☐ Asia Pacific Economic Cooperation Expert Group on Clean Fossil Energy (APEC EGCFE)

- *EGCFE Chair*



☐ UN Economic Commission for Europe (UNECE)

- *Sustainable Energy Bureau Vice Chair*



☐ Global CCS Institute



Thank You.